

You're Doing Agile Right, but agile wrong

Audience

- Looking to get more out of your Agile processes
- People feeling like they're doing the Agile things without the agile outcomes

Poll

- How many people doing Scrum?
- SAFe?
- Kanban?
- Scrumban?
- Their own thing?
- Waterfall?

Agenda

- What is agile?
- Where did it come from?
- Where did it all go wrong?
- Why are we still talking about agile in 2026?
- My opinions on:
 - Scrum
 - SAFe
 - Sprints
 - Estimating
 - Measuring what's working and what isn't
 - Various anti-patterns I see

Goals

- Better understanding of what agile is and its roots
- Practical ideas to apply to your agile processes immediately

Who am I?

- Director of Engineering at [Lean TECHniques](#)
- [Microsoft MVP](#)
- [Dometrain Author](#)
- Redgate Community Ambassador
- Co-organizer of [Iowa .NET User Group](#)



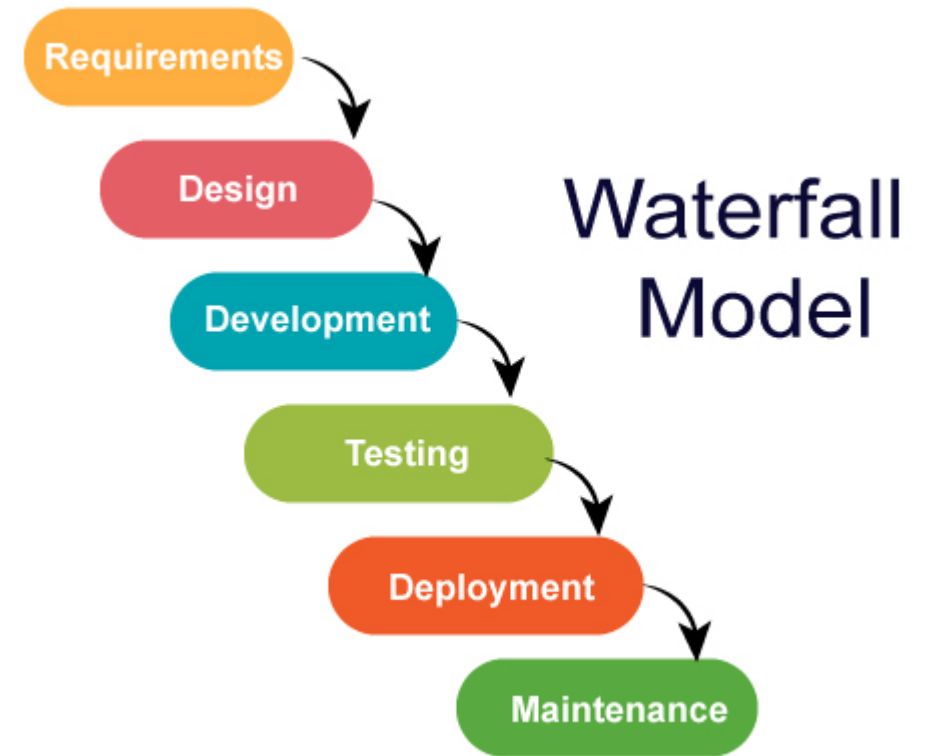
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Before agile

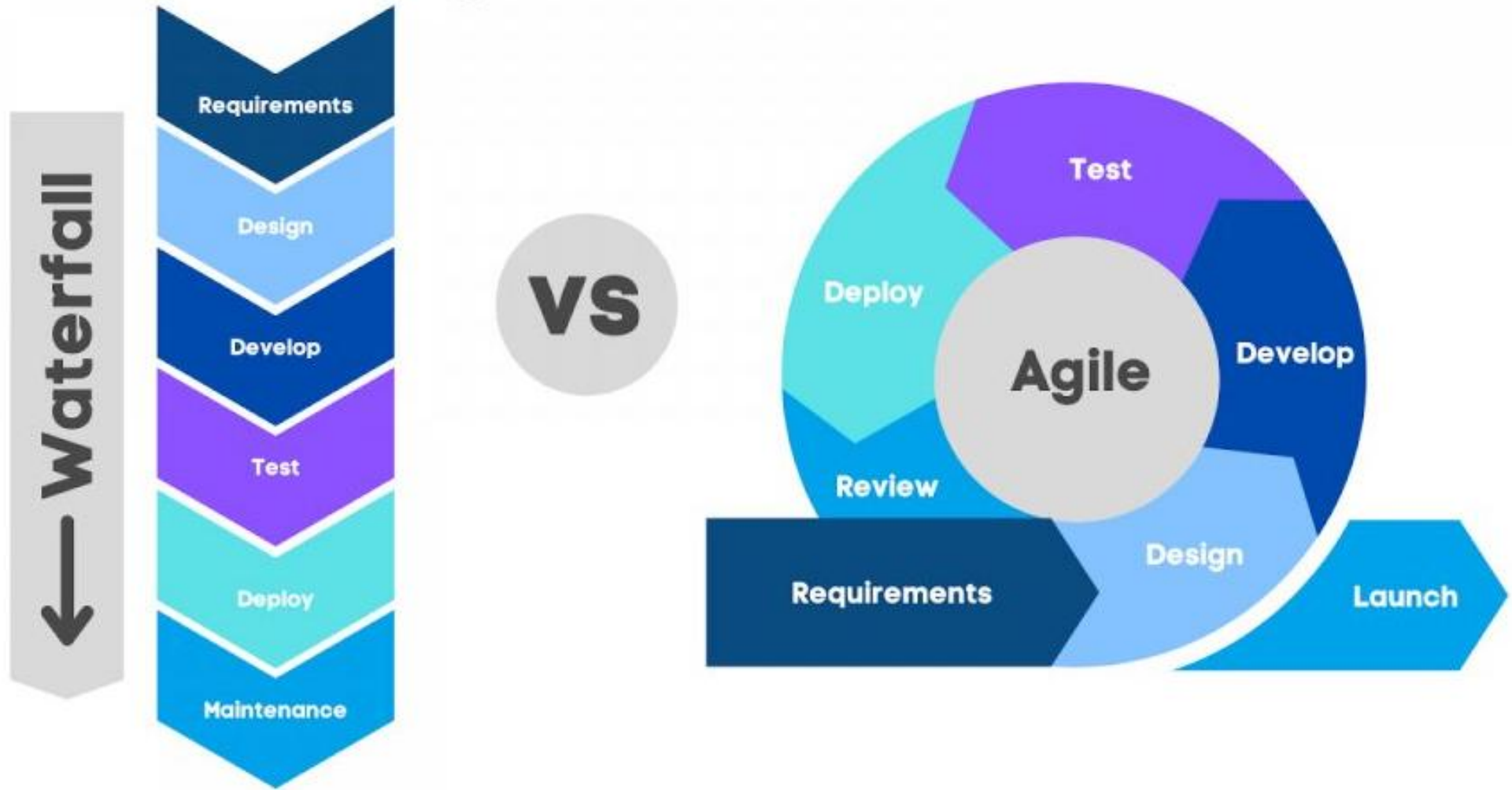
- Waterfall
- Batch everything
- Do all work up front before next steps
- Problem is software changes
- People and companies change their mind, environments change, etc
- Changing anything blows up the entire plan
- Projects would take years without delivering value



What is agile?

- The ability to respond to change quickly and safely
- Software is uncertain, let's make small bets instead of large ones
- A set of principles to guide to the ultimate goal of satisfying the customer through early and continuous delivery of valuable software

Agile vs Waterfall



Agile Manifesto

- 2001 a group of 17 individuals met to talk in Snowbird, Utah
- Came up with a set of principles to guide to the ultimate goal of satisfying the customer through early and continuous delivery of valuable software
- <https://agilemanifesto.org>

That's it.

Or it should've been...

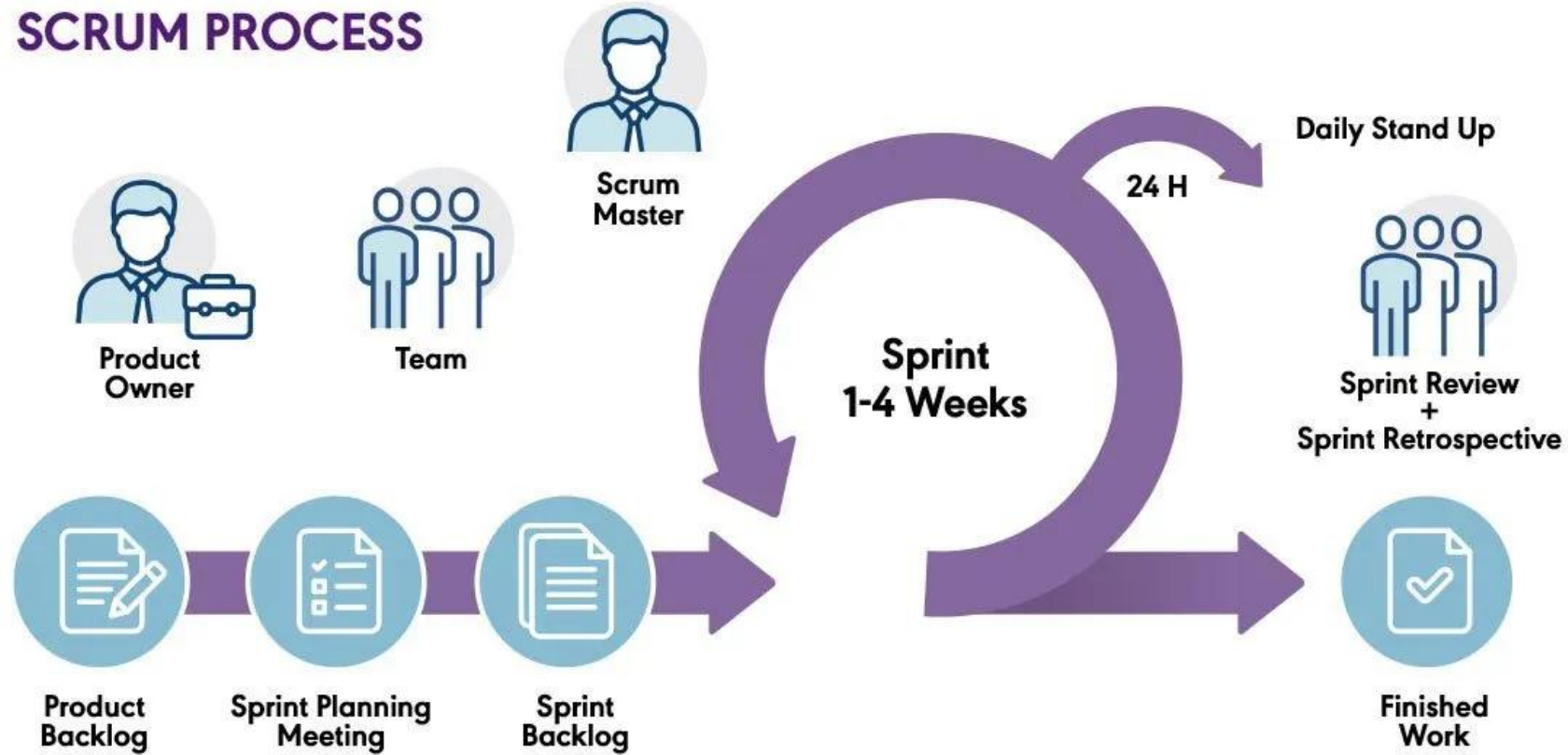
Framework Review

Frameworks emerged

- Scrum
- Kanban
- Scrumban
- SAlFe

Scrum at a high level

SCRUM PROCESS



Story Points Refresher

- Created by Ron Jeffries
- Unit of measure to represent effort and risk
- Usually Fibonacci sequenced (1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, etc)
- Usually estimated during Planning Poker done during Refinement
- Can't be compared across teams reliably (plz don't try)
- Ron Jeffries [in 2019](#): “Well, if I did invent story points, I’m probably a little sorry now... If they’re not providing great value to your team or company, I’d advise dropping them on the grounds that they are waste. If, on the other hand, you just love them, well, carry on!”

Kanban at a high level

- No Sprints
- Visualize work
- Organize work by priority
- Pull the next most important thing off the backlog
- Optimize flow and limit WIP

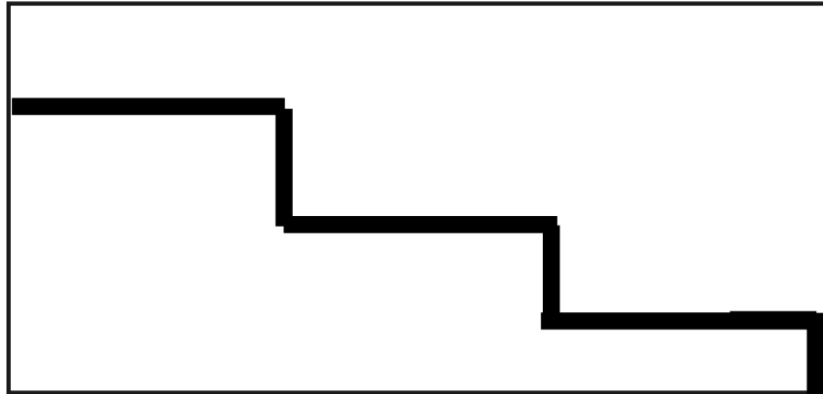
WIP = 1



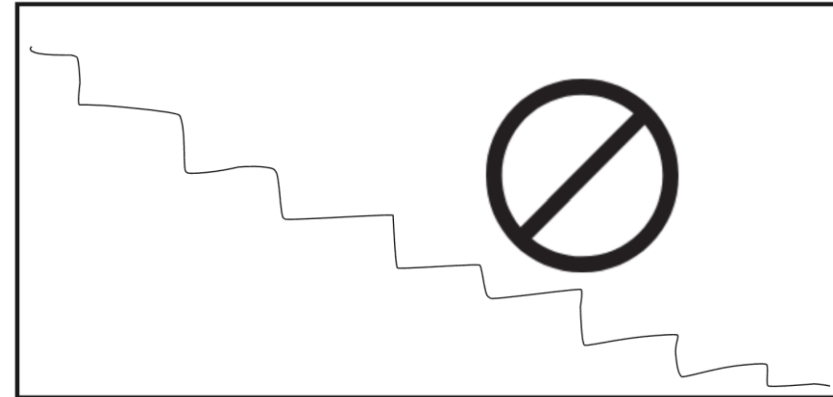
WIP = 3



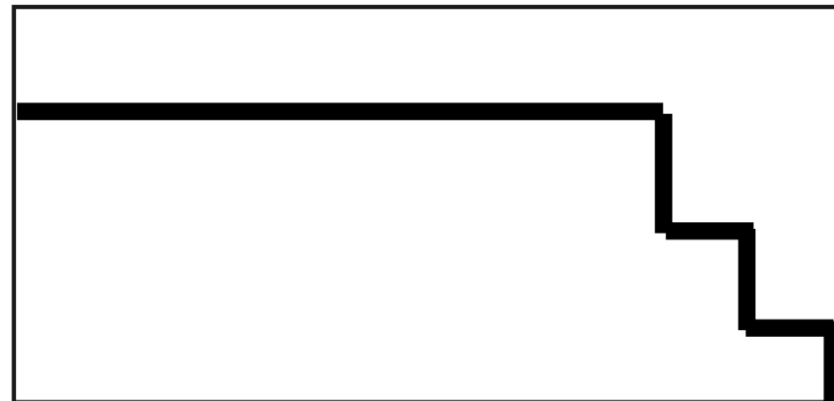
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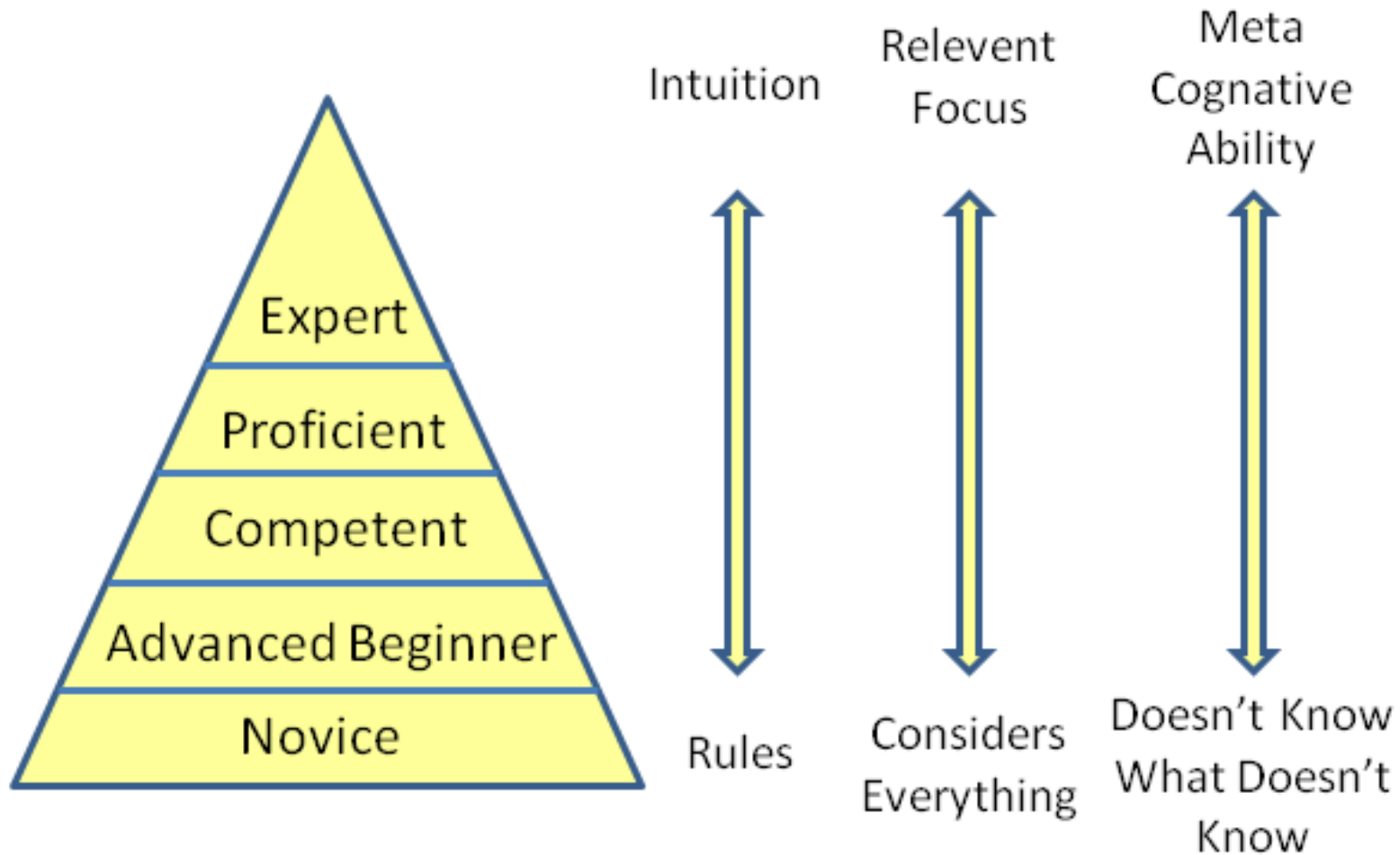
Scrumban at a high level

- Use Scrum for planning/alignment, Kanban for execution/flow
- Planning/Refinement
- Daily Standups
- Sprint Review/Demos
- Retrospective
- Sprint goes away

Frameworks

- Meant to encourage agility
- Go through the motions of the same old process
- Forget to think about why
- Frameworks are useful as a starting point if you don't know what else to do

Dreyfus Model



That's Agile,
what about agile?

What is agile?

- The ability to respond to change quickly and safely
- A set of principles to guide to the ultimate goal of satisfying the customer through early and continuous delivery of valuable software
- <https://agilemanifesto.org>

Story time



**What Agile traps do
organizations fall into?**

Problem with Sprints

Problems with Sprints

- Sprints are a good first step if you're doing waterfall
- The best teams graduate out of sprints, in my experience

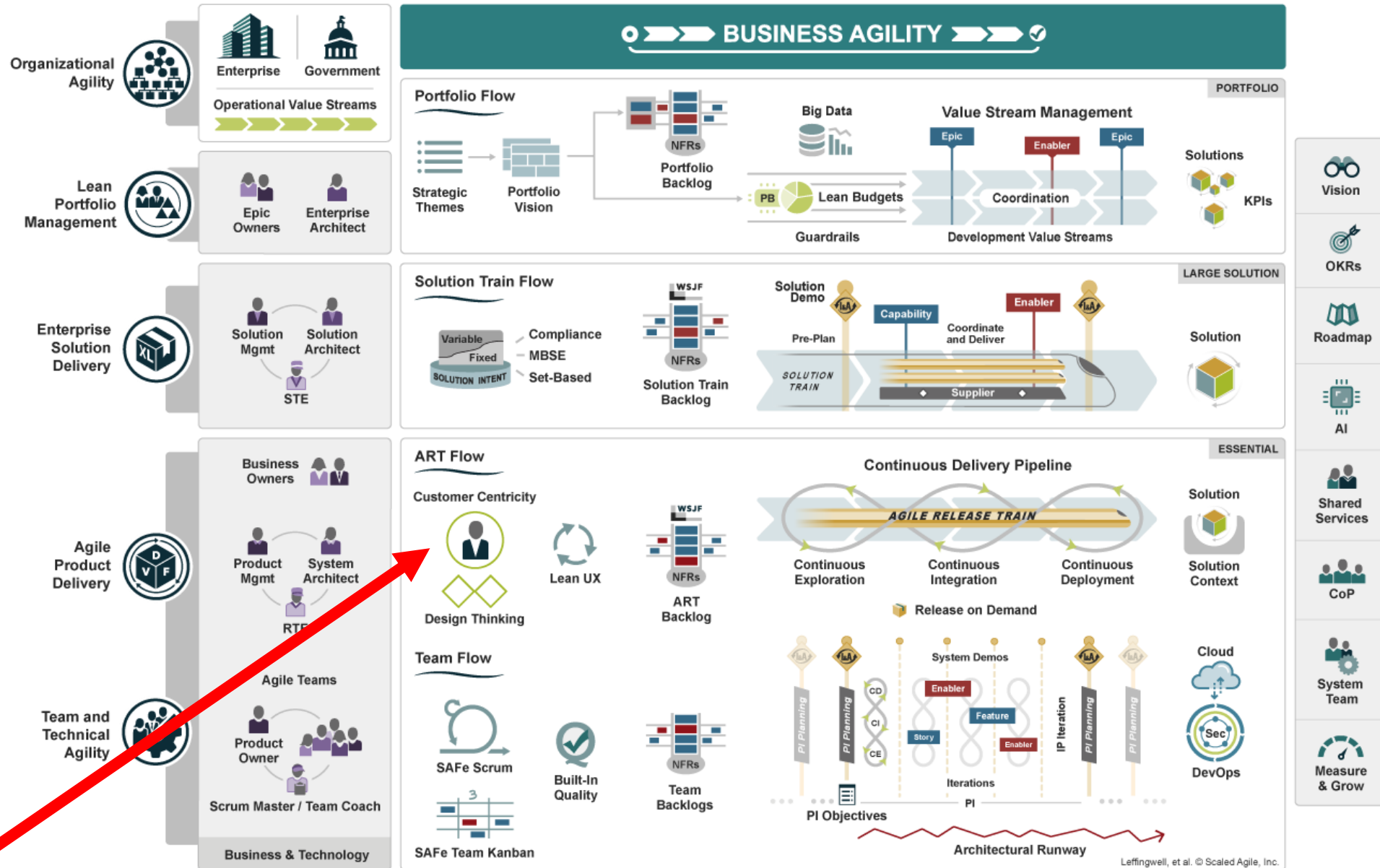
Problems with Sprints

- Commit to work 1-2 weeks ahead of time
- Inevitably, new work comes up messing up your plans
- Not completing committed work drags the team down
- 18 points in refinement but 20 points of capacity... what happens?
- Working on a 5 point story and it rolls into next sprint... what happens?
- “I can’t address that issue right now, I need to merge this PR because the sprint ends soon. I’ll get to it later.”
- “We’re done 1 day early with the sprint... I don’t want to pull in anything new”

Stop doing Sprints

- Sprints are an arbitrary and make you do “weird” things
- Instead, organize work in priority order
- Do Refinement, Retros, etc every 1-2 weeks
- Lots of conversations “vanish”

Problems with SAFe

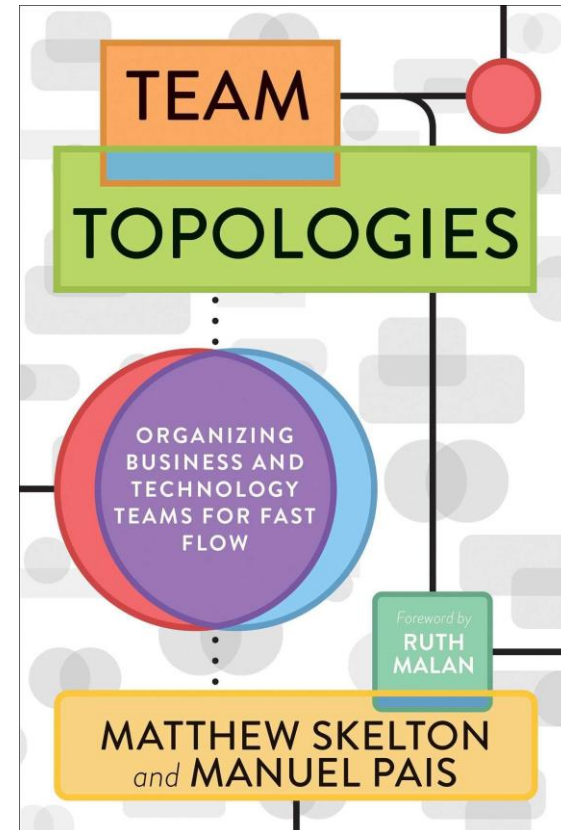


Stop doing SAFe

- SAFe optimizes for certainty
- Antithesis of agile which optimizes for change
- SAFe does not optimize for change, autonomy, removing dependencies (manages them instead), etc.
- SAFe *can* be effective as a transitional framework, not a destination
- [Chet Hendrickson](#): “(SAFe) optimizes for risk averse people, I’m not optimizing for security and safety, I’m optimizing to be able to react quickly to change. SAFe can work well for alignment, if you’re going the right place, but if the world is changing...”

Instead...

- Conway's law says our software mirrors our org structure
- Management are the real architects
- Change the org structure
- Align teams to value streams and remove dependencies
- Scales via architecture and boundaries, not meetings
- Reduces coordination load, not manage it harder
- BTW - you shouldn't have frontend and backend teams
- Team Topologies book for more



Problems with Story Points

Problems with Story Points

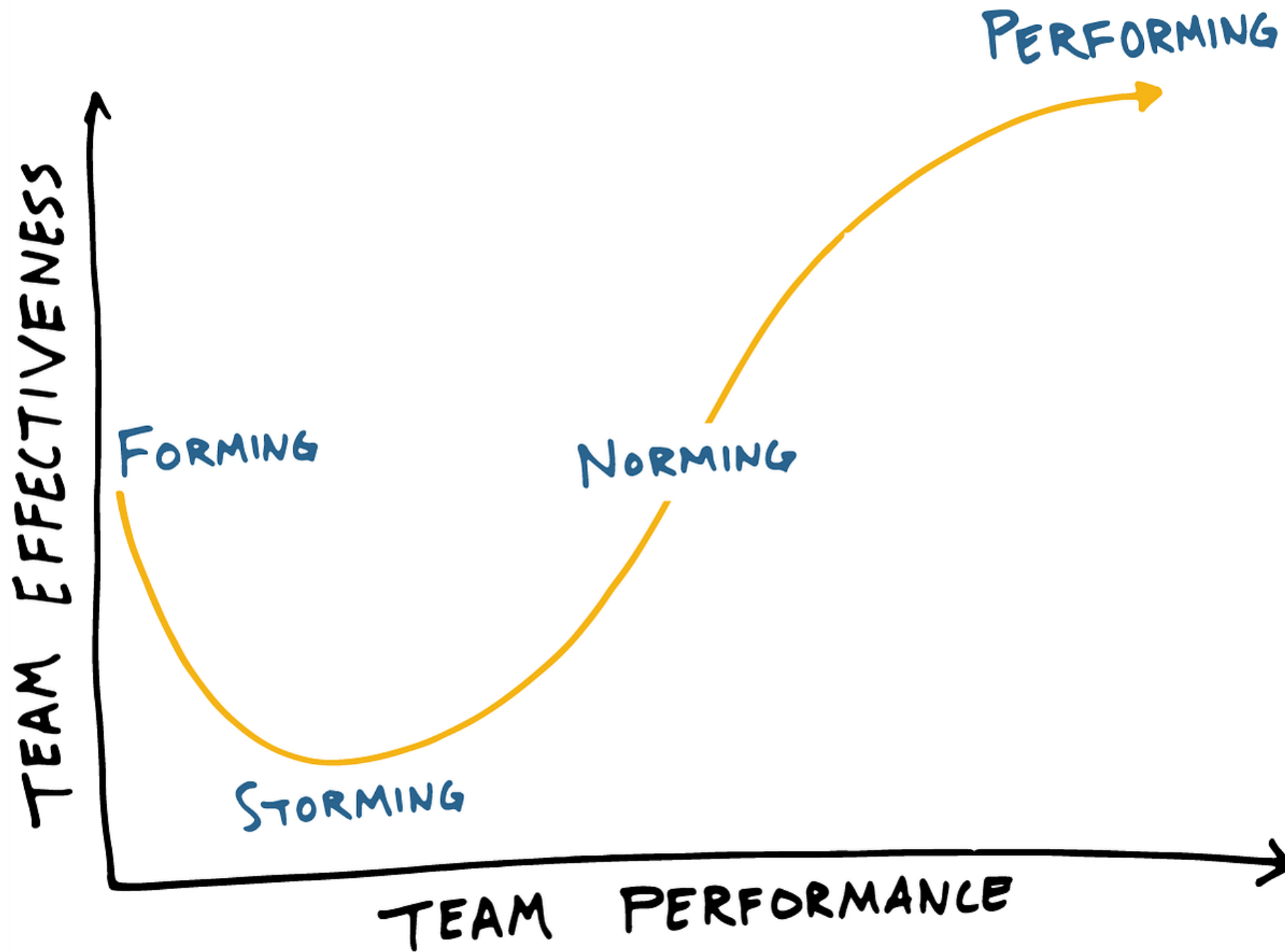
- Meant to remove time from equation – in practice... “1 point is like 1 day, right?”
- Velocity becomes performance metric – bloat story point estimating
- Management uses it to compare teams – DON'T DO THIS
- Estimation meetings become expensive – way less valuable if team has durability.
- “How many points we delivered” isn't relevant – “How much value we delivered” is what really matters

Do “No Estimates” instead

- Break down work into relatively the same size
- Stories should still add value when completed – don’t break down too much
- Still can understand velocity and prediction – ie 20 stories completed a week
- At a minimum, if using story points, never have something bigger than a 5 – break it down
- Downside – if it’s a new team, sometimes Planning Poker Discussions can be valuable, but Pairing overcomes this
- “Is the value of estimating higher than the cost of estimating?”

Random tips

- If you're a shared services team that intakes support tickets – don't do Scrum, do Kanban
- If you're a new team, start with weekly ceremonies, not bi-weekly.
- Graduate to bi-weekly as you start Norming and Performing



**How do I know if I'm
doing agile right?**

What was the point of agile again?

- The ability to respond to change quickly and safely
- A set of principles to guide to the ultimate goal of satisfying the customer through early and continuous delivery of valuable software

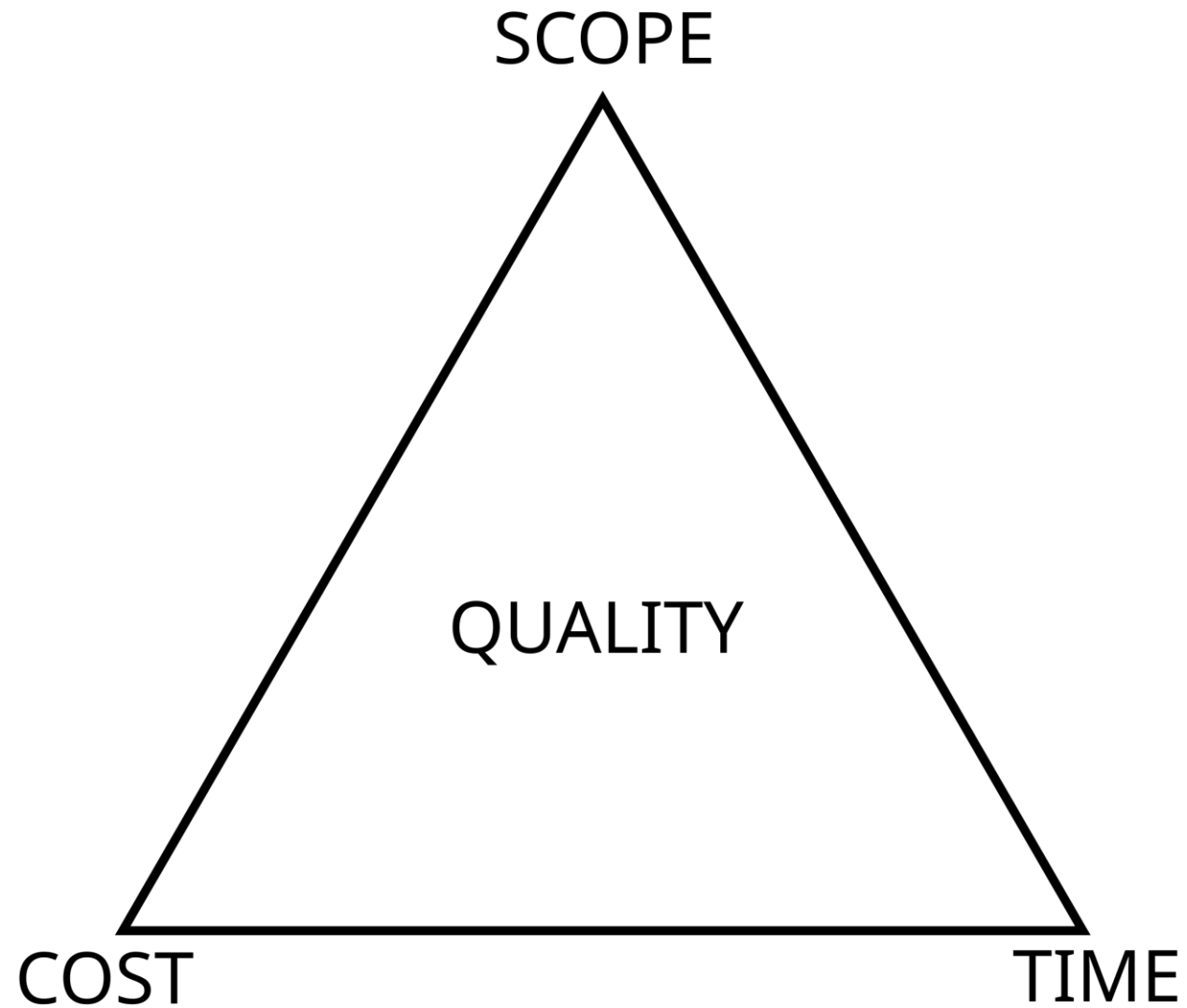
Build It Right with DORA

- DevOps Research Assessment interviews 10s of 1000s of teams
- Found it came down to 4 metrics and 34 capabilities
- <https://dora.dev>
- Also: [SPACE](#) and tools like [DX](#), but start with DORA
- DORA's metrics prove that you can respond to change quickly and safely
- The Quick Check compares you against your peers

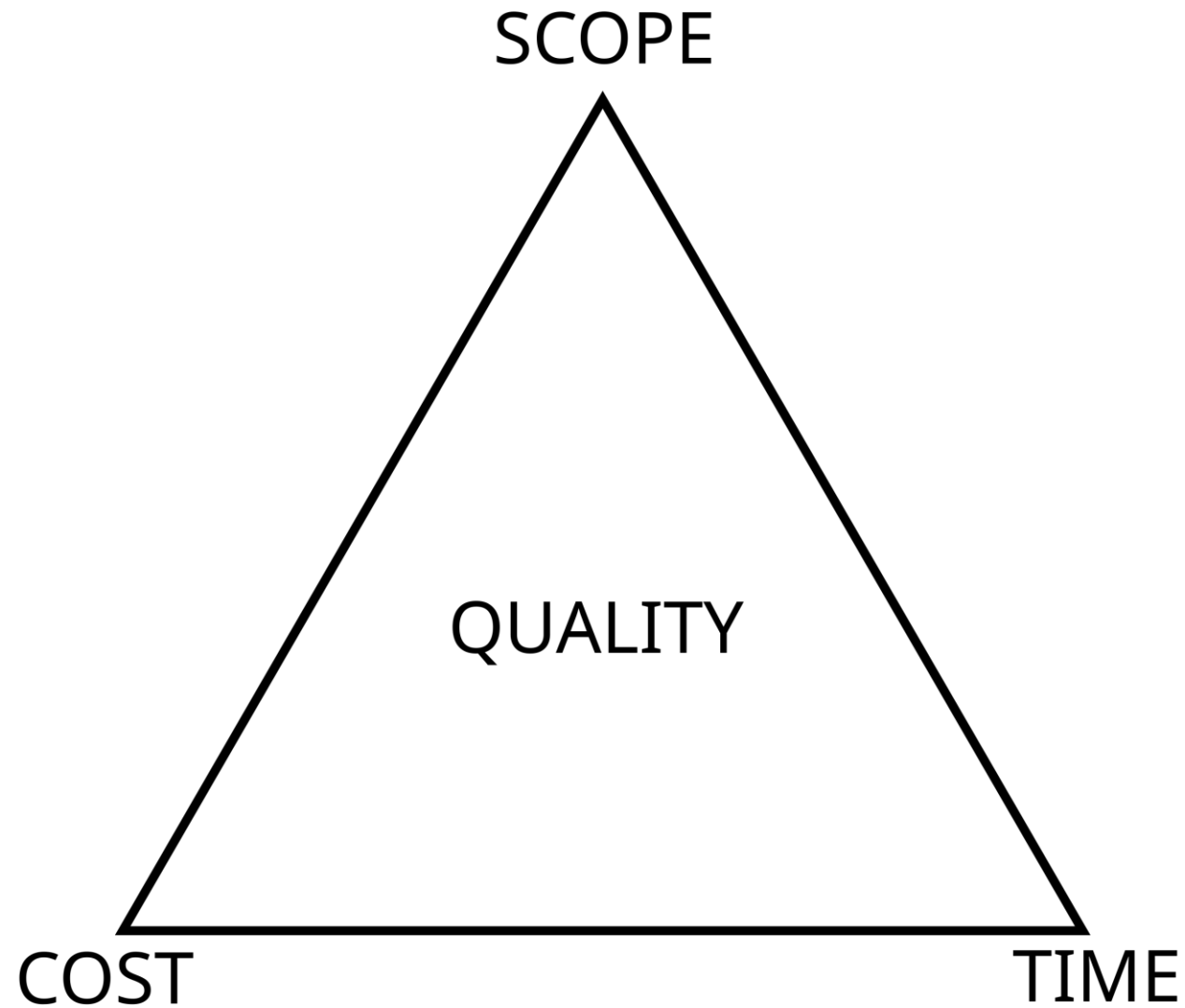
Build The Right Thing

- But it doesn't matter if we can respond to change, if we're responding to the wrong change
- Too often we measure Efficiency and not Effectiveness
- Define success criteria for a story, retro back on it
- Define North Star metrics and track them
- Usage is always a good metric
- Jeff Patton video on [Output vs Outcome vs Impact](#)
- My number 1 beef with Scrum is there's no ceremony that emphasizes "did what we build actually matter"

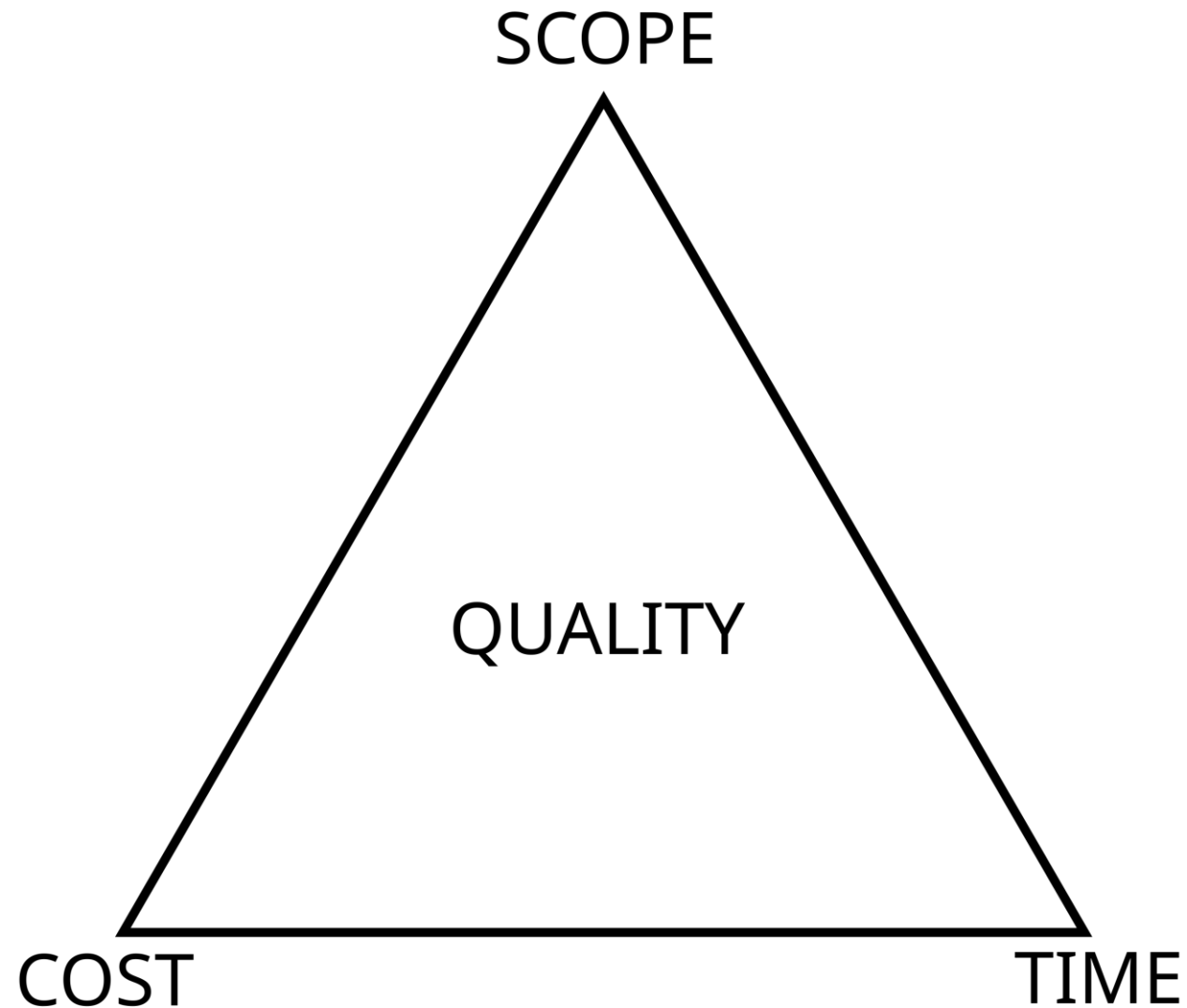
The Iron Triangle



What's the problem?



It doesn't measure Outcomes and Impact





Takeaways

- Refresher on what agile is supposed to be about
- Ideas on how to improve your agile processes

Resources

- This slide deck at <https://scottsauber.com>

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Add me on LinkedIn:



Slides at scottsauber.com

Thanks!

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